| Field Name                   | Field Description  |
|------------------------------|--|
| Prior Authorization          | Legvio   |
| Group Description            | •  |
| Drugs                        | Leqvio (inclisiran)  |
| Covered Uses                 | Medically accepted indications are defined using the following sources: the Food and Drug Administration                         |
|                              | (FDA), Micromedex, American Hospital Formulary Service   |
|                              | (AHFS), United States Pharmacopeia Drug Information for  |
|                              | the Healthcare Professional (USP DI), the Drug Package   |
|                              | Insert (PPI), or disease state specific standard of care   |
|                              | guidelines.  |
| Exclusion Criteria           | N/A  |
| Required Medical Information | See "other criteria"   |
| Age Restrictions             | See "Other Criteria"   |
| Prescriber                   | Prescriber must be cardiologist or specialist in treatment of  |
| Restrictions                 | lipid disorders  |
| Coverage Duration            | If the criteria are met, the initial request will be approved for  |
|                              | up to a 3 month duration, and the reauthorization request will be approved for up to a 12 month duration; if the                 |
|                              | criteria are not met, the request will be referred to a clinical   |
|                              | reviewer for medical necessity review.   |
| Other Criteria               | Initial Authorization  |
|                              | For All Requests:  |
|                              | • Request is appropriate for member (e.g. age) as  |
|                              | indicated in package labeling or standard of care  |
|                              | guidelines   |
|                              | • Patient has tried and failed atorvastatin 40mg-80mg or   |
|                              | rosuvastatin 20-40mg (consistently for 3 months via claim history or chart notes). If patient is not able to                     |
|                              | tolerate atorvastatin or rosuvastatin, documentation was   |
|                              | provided that patient is taking another statin at the  |
|                              | highest tolerated dose, or a medical reason was provided   |
|                              | why the member is not able to use these therapies.   |
|                              | • If prescriber indicates member is "statin intolerant",   |
|                              | documentation was provided including description of the  |
|                              | side effects, duration of therapy, "wash out", re-trial, and   |
|                              | then change of agents.   |
|                              | • Documentation was provided indicating provider has counseled member on smoking cessation and following a "heart healthy diet". |
|                              | AND the member meets the following for the respective diagnosis:   |

## Familial Hypercholesterolemia (FH):

- Member has a diagnosis of familial hypercholesterolemia as evidenced by one of the following:
  - Documentation provided including two fasting lipid panel lab reports with abnormal low density lipoprotein (LDL) levels ≥190 for FH in adults or >160 for FH in children.
  - Results of positive genetic testing for an LDL-Craising gene defect (LDL receptor, apoB, or PCSK9)
- Additionally, if the diagnosis is heterozygous FH (HeFH), both of the following:
  - Patient has tried and failed ezetimibe at a maximal tolerated dose or documentation has been provided that the patient is not able to tolerate ezetimibe.
  - o LDL remains ≥100 mg/dL despite maximally tolerated LDL-lowering therapy

## <u>Hyperlipidemia (Primary OR Secondary Atherosclerotic</u> Cardiovascular Disease [ASCVD] Prevention)

- If the diagnosis is primary severe hyperlipidemia (i.e. LDL ≥190 mg/dL)
  - o LDL remains ≥ 100 mg/dL despite maximally tolerated LDL-lowering therapy
- If the diagnosis is secondary ASCVD prevention
  - Patient has tried and failed ezetimibe at a maximal tolerated dose or documentation has been provided that the patient is not able to tolerate ezetimibe.
  - o LDL remains ≥ 55 mg/dL or non-HDL (i.e. total cholesterol minus HDL) ≥ 85 mg/dL despite maximally tolerated LDL-lowering therapy
  - o And ONE of the following:
    - Documented history of multiple major ASCVD events (acute coronary syndrome within past 12 months, history of myocardial infarction, history of ischemic stroke, symptomatic peripheral artery disease)
    - Documented history of 1 major ASCVD event (acute coronary syndrome within past 12 months, history of myocardial infarction, history of ischemic stroke, symptomatic peripheral artery disease)

Revision/Review Date 4/2023

AND multiple high-risk conditions (age ≥ 65 years, history of coronary artery bypass graft or percutaneous coronary intervention, diabetes mellitus, hypertension, chronic kidney disease, current smoker, or congestive heart failure)

## **Reauthorization for all indications:**

- Documentation submitted indicates that the member has obtained clinical benefit from the medication including repeat fasting lipid panel lab report and the member has had a reduction in LDL from baseline
- The patient's claim history shows consistent therapy (i.e. monthly fills)

Medical Director/clinical reviewer must override criteria when, in his/her professional judgement, the requested item is medically necessary.